

The City of Snellville
Department of Planning & Development
2342 Oak Road, 2nd Floor Snellville, GA 30078 www.snellville.org

(770) 985-3513 (770) 985-3514 FAX (770) 985-3551

APPLICATION FOR EXTERIOR LIGHTING PERMIT

		DATE
Permit No.		
Permit for:	TION/ADDITION 🔲 UPGRADE 🗀] REPLACEMENT ☐ REPAIR
Property Type: SHOPPING	G CENTER	OMMERCIAL
(please print or type) ADDRESS OF JOB		
F	or City of Snellville Use: ADDRESS VERIF	IED TO BE IN CITY LIMITS:
PROPERTY OWNER NAME:		
Mailing Address:	City:	St: Zip:
Contact Name:	Email:	Phone:
LIGHTING CONSULTANT NAME:		
Address	City	St: Zip
Contact Name:	Email:	Phone:
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR NAME (if	different from Lighting Consultant):	
Address	City	St: Zip
Contact Name:	Email:	Phone:
GA Professional License No. :	Issue Date:	Expiration Date:
	WORK TO BE PERFORMED (Indicate number of fixtures)	
F	PARKING LOT	
ARCHITECTURAL/ DECORATIVE —	POLE & WALL -PACK FIXTURE	SECURITY
OTHER:		
	NON-CONFORMING LIGHT FIXT	LIDES ON THE BUILDING O
PROPERTY? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ U		OKEO ON THE BOILDING O
	G LIGHT FIXTURES WILL NEED	
REPLACED, FIXTURES SHALL	BE CONFORMING AND INCLUDED	IN THE SITE LIGHTING PLAN.
DESCRIBE SCOPE OF WORK:		
****** \$50 R	REVIEW FEE PER APPLICATION SU	BMITTAL **********

APPLICATION SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

0	Completed Application for Exterior Lighting Permit (page 1)
0	Completed and Signed Application for Building Permit (page 3)
0	Provide Copy of Valid Georgia Licensed Electrician License
0	Provide a site lighting (photometric) plan drawn to a 1 inch to 20 feet scale (min.) and include the following: A. Location and mounting information for each light; B. Illumination calculations showing light levels in foot candles at points located on a ten-foot center grid, including an illustration of the areas masked out per the requirements above regarding points of measurement; C. A fixture schedule listing fixture design, type of lamp, distribution and wattage of each fixture, and number of lumens after using 85% depreciation for both metal halide and high-pressure sodium of initial output; (85% depreciation not applicable to recreational lighting); D. Manufacturer's photometric data for each type of light fixture, including initial lumens and mean depreciation values; E. An illumination summary, including the minimum average and maximum foot-candle calculations ("array values") and the total number of array points (points used on the ten-foot grid calculations); F. Copies of all nema (fixture distribution) types with photometric reports in the form of independent testing laboratory submittals. Note: No isocandela curve reports will be accepted; and G. Photometric calculations must be initial and maintained with aiming diagrams and mounting heights.
0	Submit a \$50.00 plan review fee.
0	NOTE: Building Permit fee is calculated at \$6 per \$1,000 cost of construction (\$25 min.), plus a \$50 Certificate of Completion fee). Fees will be collected upon issuance of an approved Exterior Lighting Permit and Building Permit.

APPLICATION FOR BUILDING PERMIT CITY OF SNELLVILLE, GEORGIA

Permit No.

FOR CITY USE ONLY		
Date Rcvd:		
ECC:		

DESCRIPTION OF WORK (Please mark all that apply) I NEW CONSTRUCTION
Description of Proposed Construction
Project Name or Business Location Name
ob Address Lot Block
Project/Subdivision Tax Parcel # Zoning
BUILDING INFORMATION (NEW OR AFFECTED AREA ONLY) Basement / Slab / Crawl Space (Circle One)
Stories Rooms Baths Bedrooms Heated Sq.Ft Total Sq.Ft.
ot Size Water Tap # Sewer Tap # Septic # On Septic: Yes
☐ No ☐ Sprinkler (Protected) ☐ Unprotected (Check One) Construction Contract Price \$
YPE OF CONSTRUCTION (NEW CONSTRUCTION ONLY)
Descriptions on International Building Code Listing
DWNER Phone ()
.ddress City/State/Zip
ax (
**CONTRACTOR Phone ()
ddress City/State/Zip
ax (
Susiness License # Issuing Authority Exp. Date
is the contractor, builder, owner or authorized agent, I hereby apply for a permit to erect/alter and use the structure as described herein and/or shown on accompanying plans and specifications. If a plo required, said structure will be located as shown on the plot plan. If the permit is granted, I shall construct same according to the development regulations, ordinances and code of the City of Sne urther, I shall be responsible for complying with all subdivision protective covenants (where applicable) and required set backs. I also understand that the structure authorized by the permit shall not crucially a provided in the propertion of the control of the control of the City of Sne urther, I shall be responsible for complying with all subdivision protective covenants (where applicable) and required set backs. I also understand that the structure authorized by the permit shall not the control of the control
ignature Date Print Name Date

UDO SEC. 207-5. LIGHTING

Sec. 207-5.1 General

A. Purpose

- 1. This section is intended to control the use of outdoor artificial illuminating devices emitting rays into the night sky which have a detrimental effect on astronomical observations. It is the intention of these standards to encourage good lighting practices such that lighting systems are designed to reduce or eliminate light pollution, conserve energy and money, while increasing nighttime safety, utility, security, and productivity.
- 2. Furthermore, it is the intent of this section to establish lighting levels for various permitted uses that promote visual surveillance, reduce the potential for criminal activity and prevent the unnecessary glare of light on adjacent properties.

B. Applicability

All areas containing outdoor lighting, including but not limited to floodlighting, security lighting, event lighting or the lighting of off-street parking and loading areas must comply with this section.

Sec. 207-5.2 Administration

C. Site Lighting Plan

- 1. A site lighting plan must be submitted at a 1 inch = 20-feet scale minimum.
- 2. Site lighting plans must include:
 - a. Location and mounting information for each light;
 - b. Illumination calculations showing light levels in foot candles at points located on a ten-foot center grid, including an illustration of the areas masked out per the requirements above regarding points of measurement;
 - c. A fixture schedule listing fixture design, type of lamp, distribution and wattage of each fixture, and number of lumens after using 85% depreciation for both metal halide and high-pressure sodium of initial output; (85% depreciation not applicable to recreational lighting);
 - d. Manufacturer's photometric data for each type of light fixture, including initial lumens and mean depreciation values;
 - e. An illumination summary, including the minimum average and maximum foot-candle calculations ("array values") and the total number of array points (points used on the tenfoot grid calculations);
 - f. Copies of all nema (fixture distribution) types with photometric reports in the form of independent testing laboratory submittals. Note: No isocandela curve reports will be accepted; and
 - g. Photometric calculations must be initial and maintained with aiming diagrams and mounting heights.

D. Light Level Measuring

- 1. Light levels are specified, calculated and measured in foot-candles. All foot-candle values are maintained foot-candles.
- 2. Measurements are to be made at ground level, with the light-registering portion of the meter held parallel to the ground pointing up.

E. Relief

Relief from the requirements of this section may be granted by the City Council under the following circumstance:

- 1. Minimum levels may be less than required by this section, depending on site and traffic conditions.
- Maximum levels may be more than allowed by this section when the proposed levels strictly
 conform to the recommended levels within the IESNA Lighting Handbook, the accepted
 industry standards.

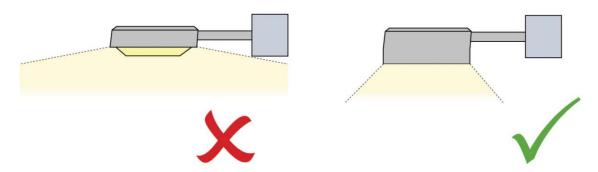
Sec. 207-5.3 Prohibited Lighting

The following lighting systems are prohibited:

- **F.** Aerial lasers;
- G. Temporary searchlights and other high-intensity narrow-beam fixtures;
- **H.** Mercury or sodium vapor lamps and other light sources that lack color correction or do not allow for uniform site lighting;
- I. Cobra-head-type fixtures with dished or drop lenses or refractors, which contain sources that are not incandescent;
- J. Blinking or flashing lights, rope lights or lights outlining architectural features (other than temporary holiday lighting); and
- **K.** Spotlights or floodlights mounted on any tree (other than temporary holiday lighting).

Sec. 207-5.4 Lighting Standards, Configuration, and Timing

L. Exterior lighting must be of full cutoff design and directed downward and away from adjoining property, with luminaries shielded to prevent unnecessary glare. "Full cutoff" has the meaning established by Illuminating Engineering Society of North America (IESNA) and means that the luminous intensity (in candelas) at or above an angle of 90° above nadir is zero, and the luminous



intensity (in candelas) at or above a vertical angle of 80° above nadir does not numerically exceed 10% of the luminous flux (in lumens) of the lamp or lamps in the luminaire.

- **M.** Trees and shrubs may not interfere with the distribution of exterior lighting necessary for security purposes as required by this section.
- **N.** Security lighting above building entrances, parking lots, off-street loading areas and service entrances must be metal halide, unless permitted otherwise during plan review, and incorporated in exterior areas going to and from the building(s) or use(s) within the site.
- **O.** All exterior fixtures, when used for security purposes, except for parking lot lighting, shall be illuminated from dusk until dawn, unless otherwise specifically designated on the site plan and as approved through the site plan process. All other exterior lighting that is not necessary for security purposes shall be turned off one hour after the close of business.
- **P.** Any exterior lighting device designed for security lighting must be protected by weather and vandal-resistant covering, a managed light source for controlling the times of illumination and fully shielded and directed down to minimize glare and intrusiveness on adjacent properties or rights-ofway.
- **Q.** Lighting in multi-level parking ramps must be evaluated on a case-by-case basis to maximize safety and to minimize unnecessary glare to adjacent or nearby residential areas.

Sec. 207-5.5 Minimum Illumination Guidelines for Security Purposes

All minimum illumination guidelines for security lighting listed in this section must be maintained from ground level to a height of 6 feet. The minimum to maximum uniformity ratio may range up to 6:1 in acceptable layouts. In some circumstances, customer convenience, closed-circuit surveillance, and commercial entertainment uses may require a higher level of lighting.

Sec. 207-5.6 Outdoor lighting intensity standards

When outdoor lighting is proposed or required, the following standards in the following table will apply and the "activities" as described in the table will be assigned and evaluated by the Snellville Police Department and the Director based on the use, hours of operation, and location.

Light Use	Minimum horizontal Foot- candles	Maximum Horizontal Foot-candles	Additional Regulations
Parking and outdoor vehicle storage	0.5	5	 Areas used for parking or vehicle storage must be illuminated in accordance with the requirements for Parking Lot Lighting. Lighting must be metal halide.
Outdoor display and sales	-1	5	
Walkways, sidewalks, multi-use trails		5	Lighting fixtures must be designed to direct light downward, and the initial output of light sources may not exceed 1,000 lumens.

Light Use	Minimum horizontal Foot- candles	Maximum Horizontal Foot-candles	Additional Regulations
			2. Lighting must be metal halide.
Parks and playgrounds		0.5	Lighting fixtures must be designed to direct light downward, and the initial output of light sources may not exceed 1,000 lumens.
Canopies and drive- thrus	5	20	 Light fixtures mounted on or under canopy ceilings must be full cutoff, unless indirect lighting is be used whereby light is directed upward and then reflected down from the ceiling of the structure. In this case, light fixtures must be shielded so that direct illumination is focused exclusively on the ceiling of the structure. Lights may not be mounted on the top or sides of a canopy and the sides of a canopy may not be illuminated. Lighting for drive-through facilities must be fully shielded. Canopy and bay lighting must be metal halide.
Outdoor recreation	All outdoor entertainment or recreational/ sports facility lighting will be reviewed for		
(as principal or	compliance with minimum site lighting criteria and light trespass criteria and with		
accessory use)	regard to the intent of these standards to minimize the impact of light trespass and		
	glare on all surrounding properties and public rights-of-way.		
High-risk activity (e.g. bank deposit night drop or ATM)	4	5	Lighting must be metal halide.
Medium Risk Activity (e.g. convenience store open 24 hours)	2	4	Lighting must be metal halide.
Low-Risk Activity (e.g. place of worship, office)	0.5	2	Lighting must be metal halide.

Sec. 207-5.7 Light Trespass

Areas containing outdoor lighting (except public street lighting) must limit light trespass onto adjacent property, when measured at any point along a lot line, to the requirements set forth below. Compliance shall be achieved by utilizing fixture shielding, directional control designed into fixtures, fixture location, height, or aim, or a combination of these or other factors.

District Adjoining Subject Property	Maximum Light Spillage to Adjoining Lots Measured in Foot-candles
All residential districts, TC-R, NR	0.2
All nonresidential districts, TC-MU, CI	0.5

Sec. 207-5.8 Exterior Illumination of Buildings and Other Vertical Structures

When buildings or other structures are illuminated, the design for the illumination must be in accordance with the following:

- **R.** The illumination of buildings is restricted to security lighting or highlighting unique architectural features.
- **S.** Lighting fixtures must be located and/or aimed such that light is directed only onto the building surface. All fixtures used to illuminate buildings must be fully shielded.
- **T.** For statues, monuments, fountains, or other objects for which it may not be possible to illuminate with downward lighting, upward lighting may be used only in the form of spotlights which confine the illumination to the object of interest.
- **U.** If upward lighting is used to illuminate flags, only spotlights may be used; floodlights directed above the horizontal shall not be used to illuminate a flag.

Sec. 207-5.9 Neon Lighting

Light sources consisting of glass tubes filled with neon, argon, krypton, or other similar gas (hereafter referred to as "neon lighting") are excluded from shielding and line-of-sight requirements; however, lighting must be included in the light trespass requirements of Sec. 207-5.7 (Light Trespass). Furthermore, neon lighting will not be considered as security lighting.

Sec. 207-5.10 Enforcement

Failure to adhere to the requirements of this section or an approved lighting plan will be deemed a violation of this UDO.

Sec. 207-5.11 Exceptions

The following types of lighting are exempt from the requirements of this section:

- **V.** The temporary use of low wattage or low voltage lighting for festivals and celebrations, except where they create a hazard or nuisance from glare. Consideration of light trespass requirements must be demonstrated before commencing the use of temporary lighting.
- **W.** Temporary holiday lighting (for a period of no more than 30 days before the holiday and no more than 7 days after the holiday), except where they create a hazard or nuisance from glare. Consideration of light trespass requirements must be demonstrated before commencing the use of temporary lighting.
- X. Emergency lighting and traffic control lighting.
- Y. Underwater lighting used for the illumination of swimming pools and fountains

Sec. 207-5.12 Nonconforming Lights

Z. Authority to Continue

Lawful lighting fixtures located within the City at the effective date of this UDO or which come to be located in the City as a result of annexation after the effective date of this UDO, which do not conform to the standards of this section, may continue provided the lighting remains in conformance with this section.

AA. Ordinary Maintenance and Repair

Nothing in this section relieves the owner or beneficial user of legal nonconforming lighting, or the owner of the property on which the legal nonconforming lighting is located, from the provisions of this UDO regarding safety, maintenance, and repair. Normal maintenance, including replacing light bulbs, cleaning, or routine repair of legal nonconforming light fixtures, will not be deemed to be a condition which triggers a loss of lawful status described below, unless such maintenance increases the nonconforming aspects of the lighting.

BB. Loss of Lawful Status

- 1. The legal nonconforming status will terminate under the following conditions:
 - a. If a light fixture is not used for a period of 12 months or longer it will be deemed abandoned and may not be reestablished; or
 - b. If a lighting fixture is structurally altered such that its nonconforming aspects increase; or
 - c. If a lighting fixture is relocated, replaced, or moved in any way; or the lighting fixture is damaged and the cost of repair exceeds 50% of its replacement value.
- 2. When any condition described in clause 1 above occurs, the lighting fixture must be immediately brought into compliance with this section or removed.

CC. Removal Pursuant to Public Order

Lighting found by a governmental agency to create public hazard can be ordered removed or altered at any time.